## **IISER** Mohali MTH102: Analysis in One Variable Homework No. 03 To be discussed during tutorial on January 29, 2016

- Please solve all the problems.
- **Tutorial Problems** will be discussed during tutorial sessions.
- If time permits, tutors may also discuss **extra problems** during tutorial sessions.

## **Tutorial Problems:**

- (1) Prove that  $\lim \frac{12n^5 + 73n^4 18n^2 + 9}{25n^5 + 2n^3} = \frac{12}{25}$ . (2) Suppose that  $\lim x_n = 5$ ,  $\lim y_n = 9$  and that  $y_n \neq 0$  for all  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ . Determine  $\lim (x_n + y_n)$  and  $\lim \frac{3y_n - x_n}{y_n^3}.$
- (3) Let  $s_1 = 1$  and  $s_{n+1} = \sqrt{s_n + 1}$  for all  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ . Assuming that the sequence  $(s_n)$  converges, prove
- that  $\lim s_n = \frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}$ . (4) Let  $(s_n)$  and  $(t_n)$  be two sequences. Suppose that there exists  $N_0 \in \mathbb{N}$  such that  $s_n \leq t_n$  for all  $n > N_0.$ 
  - (a) Prove that if  $\lim s_n = +\infty$ , then  $\lim t_n = +\infty$ .
  - (b) Prove that if  $\lim t_n = -\infty$ , then  $\lim s_n = -\infty$ .
  - (c) Prove that if  $\lim s_n = +\infty$  and k > 0 a real number, then  $\lim ks_n = +\infty$ .
  - (d) Prove that  $\lim s_n = +\infty$  if and only if  $\lim -s_n = -\infty$ .
- (5) Prove that

$$\lim a^{n} = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } 0 \le |a| < 1\\ 1 & \text{if } a = 1\\ +\infty & \text{if } a > 1\\ \text{Does not exist} & \text{if } a \le -1. \end{cases}$$

## **Extra Problems:**

- (1) Let  $(s_n)$  and  $(t_n)$  be two sequences such that  $\lim s_n = +\infty$  and  $\lim t_n > 0$  (it could be finite or  $+\infty$ ). Then prove that  $\lim s_n t_n = +\infty$ . Hint: It is Theorem 9.9 of the book.
- (2) Let  $(s_n)$  be a sequence of positive real numbers. Prove that  $\lim s_n = +\infty$  if and only if  $\lim \frac{1}{s_n} = 0$ . Hint: It is Theorem 9.10 of the book.
- (3) Prove that  $\lim \frac{n^4+8n}{n^2+9} = +\infty$ . (4) Prove that  $\lim \frac{2^n}{n^2} = +\infty$ .